

2707/205  
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION II, CIVIL  
CONSTRUCTION II AND TRANSPORTATION  
ENGINEERING I  
Oct./Nov. 2016  
Time: 3 hours



THE KENYA NATIONAL EXAMINATIONS COUNCIL

**DIPLOMA IN CIVIL ENGINEERING  
MODULE II**

BUILDING CONSTRUCTION II, CIVIL CONSTRUCTION II AND  
TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING I

**3 hours**

**INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES**

*You should have the following for this examination:*

*Answer booklet;*

*Drawing instruments.*

*This paper consists of EIGHT questions in THREE sections; A, B and C.*

*Answer FIVE questions; choosing TWO questions from section A, TWO questions from section B and ONE question from section C in the answer booklet provided.*

*All questions carry equal marks.*

*Maximum marks for each part of a question are as indicated.*

*Candidates should answer the questions in English.*

**This paper consists of 5 printed pages.**

**Candidates should check the question paper to ascertain that all the pages are printed as indicated and that no questions are missing.**

## SECTION A: BUILDING CONSTRUCTION II

Answer *TWO* questions from this section.

1. (a) State any **four** functional requirements of a roof. (4 marks)
- (b) Differentiate between the hip rafter and valley rafter. (4 marks)
- (c) **Figure 01** shows a plan of a proposed timber roof construction.

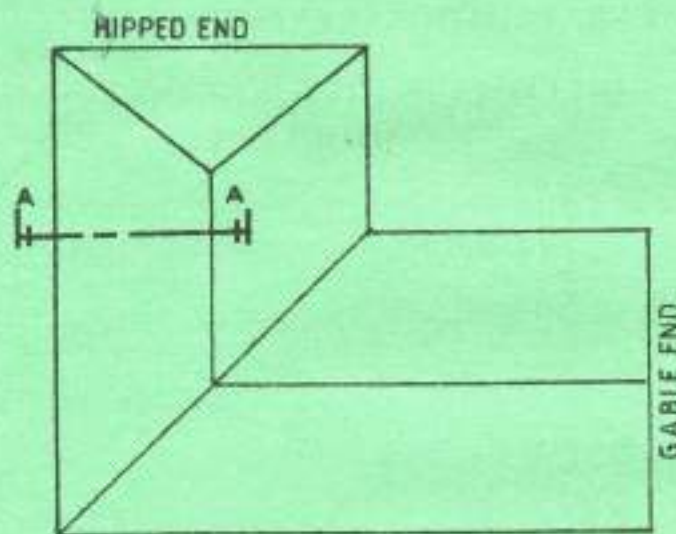


Fig. 1

- the roof is to have an overhang at the eaves and a projection at the verge.
- the roof covering is G.C.I sheets.
- wall is 200 mm thick solid concrete block wall.

Sketch the details at section A-A.

- (i) Illustrating a closed eave with T and G boarding.
- (ii) roof drainage, showing the following:

- |                     |                  |
|---------------------|------------------|
| - Common rafter     | - s.c.b. wall    |
| - purlin            | - T & G boarding |
| - half round gutter | - wall plate     |
| - down pipe         | - G.C.I sheets   |
| - tie and struts    | - king post      |
| - tie beam          | - ring beam      |
| - wall plate        |                  |

(12 marks)

2. (a) Differentiate between the following terms:

- (i) trimming joist;
- (ii) trimmer joist.

(4 marks)

(b) Describe the method of constructing a double timber floor.

(6 marks)

(c) Figure 02 shows an upper floor plan, with the ends of the upper joist supported by the wall. Sketch the details at sections A-A and B-B. (10 marks)

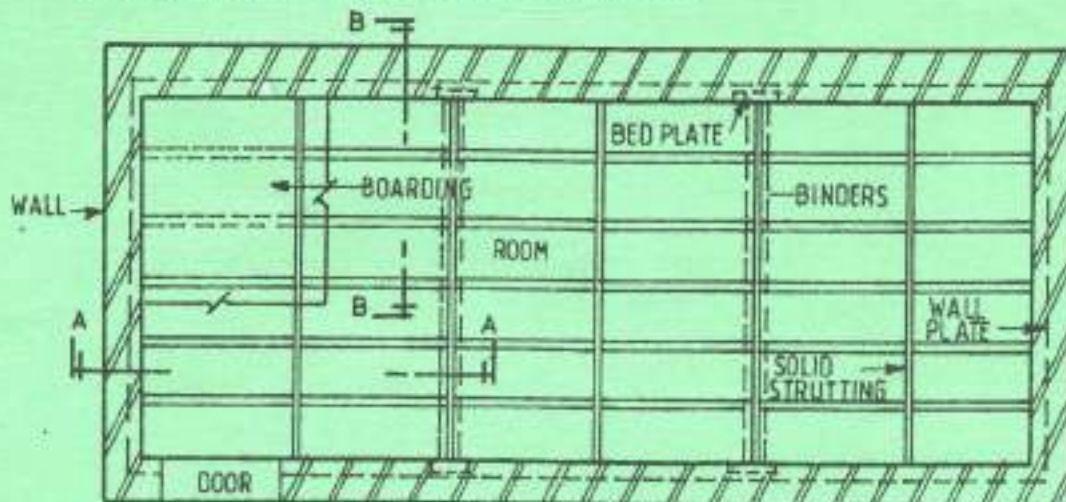


Fig. 2

3. (a) State any **four** factors that influence the choice of roof covering materials. (4 marks)

(b) Use the data to determine:

- (i) the number of G.C.I sheets;
- (ii) the total cost of G.C.I sheets and nails in (b) (i) above.

Data:

- G.C.I gauge 28 150 mm end laps and 125 mm side laps fixed with m.s roofing nails.
- Cost of 3 m long G.C.I gauge 28 @ 1500/= per sheet.
- Cost of m.s. roofing nails 2 kg @ 200/= per kg.
- Area of roof to be covered = 30 m<sup>2</sup>.
- Allow for 5% waste for G.C.I sheet.

Assume any other necessary information not given.

(10 marks)

(c) State any **three**:

- (i) advantages of a flat concrete roof over a pitched concrete roof;
- (ii) disadvantages of a flat concrete roof over a pitched concrete roof.

(6 marks)

## SECTION B: CIVIL ENGINEERING CONSTRUCTION II

Answer **TWO** questions from this section.

4. (a) Define the following terms as used in railways:
- (i) ruling gradient;
  - (ii) momentum gradient. (4 marks)
- (b) With the aid of a sketch, describe the method of fixing a bull head rail chair to a railway timber sleeper. (7 marks)
- (c) (i) Outline the construction of a railway tunnel through hard rock.
- (ii) State any **three** disadvantages of a tunnel. (9 marks)
5. (a) State any **three** factors to consider in design and choice of a particular foundation. (3 marks)
- (b) With the aid of sketches, describe the following types of foundations:
- (i) wide strip foundation;
  - (ii) deep strip foundation. (10 marks)
- (c) With the aid of sketches, explain the **two** types of aquifers as used in wells. (7 marks)
6. (a) Define the term discharge. (2 marks)
- (b) State any **three**
- (i) factors that affect the intake of a water treatment plant;
  - (ii) advantages of plain sedimentation process of water treatment. (6 marks)
- (c) With the aid of sketches, describe the construction of the following:
- (i) sea walls;
  - (ii) lock gates. (12 marks)

## SECTION C: TRANSPORTATION ENGINEERING I

Answer *ONE* question from this section.

7. (a) State any **three** roles played by transportation systems. (3 marks)
- (b) Describe the history of an ancient Roman road transportation system. (7 marks)
- (c) With the aid of a sketch, outline the construction method of a macadam road. (6 marks)
- (d) State any **four** objectives of soil investigations. (4 marks)
8. (a) State any **three** factors that influence the following geometric design of a road
- (i) design speed;
  - (ii) design capacity. (6 marks)
- (b) Determine the capacity of a single lane pavement on a rural road for speed of 50 km/hr. The average length of vehicle is 5 m, the perception and brake reaction time is 2.5 seconds and coefficient of friction is 0.5. (5 marks)
- (c) Draw a cross-section of a single lane flexible pavement and show the following road elements:
- (i) carriage way;
  - (ii) shoulder;
  - (iii) foot path;
  - (iv) wearing course;
  - (v) base;
  - (vi) subbase;
  - (vii) sub grade;
  - (viii) formation level. (9 marks)

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